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THE SCHOOL OF AMERICAN ARCHEOLOGY

THE School of American Archeology, organized in 1907 under the act of incorporation of the Archeological Institute of America, held during the month of August a summer session in the Palace of the Governors at Santa Fé, the headquarters of the School, and at the Excavation Camp in El Rito de los Frijoles, where the school has conducted excavations for the past three summers.

The work consisted of examination and study of the communal house, cliff dwellings and the ceremonial cave of this deserted Pueblo, excavated in former seasons, and of lecture courses intended to give to regular students and auditors a view of the general field of archeology.

Director Hewett gave a series of peripatetic lectures on the excavations already made and in progress and on the culture of the Pajaritan plateau as revealed by them; Mr. Chapman, of the staff of the school, lectured on the development of design in ancient Pueblo pottery, and Mr. Harrington, also of the staff, lectured on the language, social organization, religion and mythology of the Mohave Indians, presenting results of his recent field work in the Colorado basin.

In addition to these courses in American archeology, Professor Frank E. Thompson, of the University of Colorado, gave ten lectures on primitive man and the evolution of culture; Professor Mitchell Carroll, general secretary of the institute, gave a series of lectures on Greek archeology with special reference to the excavations in Greek lands conducted by the institute and school at Athens; and Professor Lewis B. Paton, of Hartford Theological Seminary, lectured on the ancient Semites, discussing the primitive Semitic life, literature, art, religion and social organization.

A series of Sunday-evening lectures was given in the Hall of Representatives in the capitol, as follows: "Jerusalem in the Time of Christ," by Dr. Paton; "The Holy Cities of Ancient America," by Dr. Hewett; "The Early History of Christianity," by President

E. McQueen Gray; "Paul at Athens," by Professor Carroll.

The excavations of the present season in the Rito were confined largely to clearing the old elliptical communal dwelling in the valley, the excavation of which was more than half completed last summer. The attendance upon the summer session was very good, about fifty being regularly enrolled.

The managing committee of the School of American Archeology held its annual meeting in connection with the summer session, August 24-26. Alice C. Fletcher, of Washington, D. C., was reelected chairman; the office of vice-chairman was created, and William H. Holmes was elected. Standing committees were appointed on finance, the museum and the scientific and educational work of the school. Director Hewett reported on the excavations conducted during the past year at Quirigua in Guatemala, on the research work of members of the staff and the summer session. Plans were formed for the conduct of the excavations in New Mexico and Central America during the coming year, and for the holding of a second summer session in August, 1912.

*APPROPRIATIONS MADE FOR SCIENTIFIC
PURPOSES AT THE PORTSMOUTH
MEETING OF THE BRITISH
ASSOCIATION*

<i>Section A—Mathematical and Physical Science</i>	
Seismological Observations	£60
Upper Atmosphere	30
Magnetic Observations at Falmouth	25
Establishing a Solar Observatory in Australia	50
Grant to the International Commission on Physical and Chemical Constants	30
Tabulation of Bessel Functions	15

<i>Section B—Chemistry</i>	
Study of Hydro-aromatic Substances	20
Dynamic Isomerism	30
Transformation of Aromatic Nitro-amines ..	10
Electroanalysis	10
Plant Enzymes	30

<i>Section C—Geology</i>	
Erratic Blocks	5
Paleozoic Rocks	10